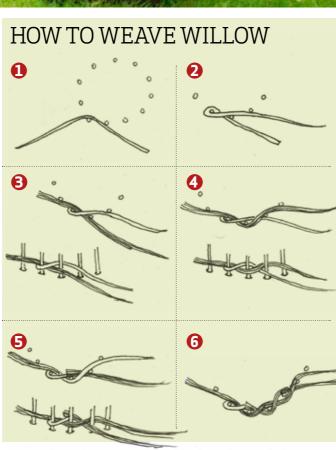


HOW TO MAKE A WILLOW PLANT SUPPORT





Next we create a point to secure the main weave to. Debbie takes a single withy (stem) and threads the butt to the right, behind an upright and back out leaving about a third poking out (diagram 1). Next she bends the tip (thin end) snugly around the upright, over itself and behind the next upright (diagram 2). Debbie assures me this is the trickiest part and explains both ends will be worked into the weave.





Debbie tells me we're using a weave called 'pairing', where two bundles of willow are entwined. She threads the butts of the first bundle of three withies along Step 2's butt end, under the loop we made and behind the upright so they are' locked' in place (see diagram ③). This bundle, including the extra butt end, is then woven around the next anti-clockwise upright (see diagram ④).



Now the second bundle of three withies is threaded, butts first, along Step 2's tip end and under the first bundle (see diagram 6). The second bundle, plus the tip end, is woven over the first and around the next anti-clockwise upright.



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Willow weaving



I quickly get into a rhythm and find the willow very satisfying to use. We complete three rounds of pairing so our plant supports have a strong base. As we work, Debbie reminds me to keep adjusting the uprights so they are evenly spaced. "You must tell the willow what to do!" she laughs.



Now for a gentle spiral up the wigwam. Debbie explains new withies are now fed in from the bottom, into the natural triangle created between the bundles and the uprights, while still following the same weave pattern. It's fascinating how the natural spring of the willow can so effectively provide the strength for the structure.







To finish, Debbie shows me a willow 'rose tie'. First, the butt of a thin withy is poked through the top bundle so it protrudes 10cm (4in) to the front. From the back, the withy is pulled round the bundle, over the butt and back on itself. It's then taken behind the bundle again, to the other side and looped around the butt as before. We repeat this to create the rose, before tucking the end back into the bundle for neatness. I'm amazed at how easy, attractive and effective it is.



ULTIMATE IN 'GREEN'

Not only is willow weaving one of the few things that cannot be done by machine, the weaver can see it through its full lifecycle. Willow can be grown for weaving fairly easily, before being harvested and turned into a variety of products. These in turn, particularly those designed for outside, will have a life of their own as they change before ultimately degenerating and returning completely to the soil.

GETTING HANDS ON WITH **WILLOW**

Willow weaving courses run regularly around the country. Visit www.basket assoc.org to find a willow weaver near you or take a look at www. salixarts.co.uk to see what courses Debbie has on offer. Alternatively, you can buy willow to weave with at home. Various suppliers can be found online - however, call them to discuss your needs before ordering.